Town of Liberty Grove Door County, Wisconsin ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2018

DECEMBER 31, 2018

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Independent auditors' report

To the Town Board Town of Liberty Grove Door County, Wisconsin

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town of Liberty Grove, Door County, Wisconsin (the "Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Prior Year Summarized Financial information

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

The 2017 financial statements were audited by Schenck SC, whose practice became part of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP as of January 1, 2019, and whose report dated March 26, 2018, expressed unmodified opinions on those respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town from which the prior year summarized financial information was derived.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 17, 2019, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin April 17, 2019

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental		Business-type			Totals			
		Activities		Activities		2018		2017	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	2,966,673	\$	499,758	\$	3,466,431	\$	3,540,409	
Receivables									
Taxes and special charges		7,417,614		2		7,417,614		7,328,082	
Accounts		18,170		23,529		41,699		50,623	
Tower investment		7,000		8		7,000		7,000	
Internal balances		29,066		(29,066)		-		-	
Inventories		38,850		-		38,850		52,380	
Investment in joint venture fire department		1,053,175		-		1,053,175		1,140,744	
Restricted assets									
Cash and investments		1,550,455		44,218		1,594,673		34,496	
Capital assets, nondepreciable		1,849,086		8,000		1,857,086		1,821,111	
Capital assets, depreciable		6,891,144		1,457,578		8,348,722		8,218,763	
Total assets		21,821,233		2,004,017		23,825,250		22,193,608	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		32,531		3,229		35,760		33,238	
Accrued and other current liabilities		5,666		3,223		5,666		8,232	
Due to other governments		7,260,694				7,260,694		7,219,870	
Accrued interest payable		7,200,054				7,200,054		5,995	
Long-term obligations								3,223	
Due within one year		175,000				175,000		620,736	
Due in more than one year		1,434,884				1,434,884		16,736	
Due in more than one year		1,434,664	-			1,434,004		10,730	
Total liabilities		8,908,775		3,229		8,912,004		7,904,807	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		2,361,986		<u> </u>		2,361,986		2,196,904	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		8,740,230		1,465,578		10,205,808		9,419,138	
Restricted for capital assets		-		44,218		44,218		34,496	
Unrestricted		1,810,242		490,992		2,301,234		2,638,263	
	_								
Total net position	\$	10,550,472	\$	2,000,788	\$	12,551,260	\$	12,091,897	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Program Revenues				
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
General government	\$ 430,837	\$ 104,117	\$ -	\$ 21,000		
Public safety	550,470		-	-		
Public works	1,107,210	5,972	267,120	-		
Health and human services	6,324	28,450	经	=		
Culture and recreation	118,666	16,124	12	605		
Conservation and development	75,564		-	*		
Interest and fiscal charges	57,196	-				
Total governmental activities	2,346,267	154,663	267,120	21,605		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Water utility	64,006	56,782		-		
Sewer utility	138,005	62,205		·		
Total business-type activities	202,011	118,987				
Total	\$ 2,548,278	\$ 273,650	\$ 267,120	\$ 21,605		
	General revenues	k				
	Taxes					
	Property taxe	?S				
	Other taxes					
	Federal and sta	te grants and other	contributions			
		to specific function				
		estment earnings				
	Miscellaneous					
	Total general reve	enues				
	Change in net position					
	Net position - Ja	nuary 1	s			
	Net position - De	cember 31				

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Govern	nental	Bus	iness-type	Totals				
Activi	ities		ctivities		2018		2017	
						l y.		
\$ (3	05,720)	\$	-	\$	(305,720)	\$	(294,415)	
(5	50,470)				(550,470)		(476,441)	
100	34,118)		-		(834,118)		(525,769)	
11.0	22,126		-		22,126		27,223	
	01,937)		-		(101,937)		(71,272)	
	75,564)		_		(75,564)		(61,220)	
	57,196)		-		(57,196)		(34,026)	
	31,170)	-		_	(37,170)	<i></i>	(34,020)	
(1,9	02,879)				(1,902,879)	2-	(1,435,920)	
			(= a a .)		(= ·)		(00.04.1)	
	-		(7,224)		(7,224)		(20,314)	
7	-	-	(75,800)	_	(75,800)	30	(38,951)	
7	-	_	(83,024)	_	(83,024)	()	(59,265)	
(1,9	02,879)	,	(83,024)		(1,985,903)	·	(1,495,185)	
2,1	83,404		13,500		2,196,904		2,185,689	
17	11,996		-		111,996		98,594	
	54,768				54,768		58,305	
	14,351		1,651		16,002		10,890	
	65,330		266		65,596		8,395	
2,4	29,849		15,417		2,445,266	0	2,361,873	
	26,970	AV	(67,607)		459,363		866,688	
10,0	23,502	÷	2,068,395		12,091,897		11,225,209	
\$ 10,5	50,472	\$	2,000,788	\$	12,551,260	\$	12,091,897	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2018 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

,		Genera	al Fund		
		2018	3-11,11	2017	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	2,966,673	\$	3,009,506	
Restricted cash and investments		1,550,455		-	
Receivables					
Taxes and special charges		7,417,614		7,328,082	
Accounts		18,170		27,015	
Tower investment		7,000		7,000	
Due from other funds		29,066			
Inventories		38,850		52,380	
T-1-1	_		_		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	12,027,828	\$	10,423,983	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities	245				
Accounts payable	\$	32,531	\$	8,210	
Accrued and other current liabilities		5,666		8,232	
Due to other governments		7,260,694		7,219,870	
Total liabilities		7,298,891		7,236,312	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		2,361,986		2,196,904	
Tower investment receivable		7,000		7,000	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,368,986		2,203,904	
Fund balances		20.050		50.000	
Nonspendable		38,850		52,380	
Restricted		1,550,455		-	
Committed		315,847		370,808	
Assigned		100,933		122,356	
Unassigned		353,866	-	438,223	
Total fund balances		2,359,951		983,767	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources, and fund balances	\$	12,027,828	\$	10,423,983	
or resources, and ratio balances	<u> </u>	10 _ 1 , 0 _ 0	<u> </u>	. 0, 120,200	

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

		2018		2017
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION				
Total fund balances as shown on previous page	\$	2,359,951	\$	983,767
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		8,740,230		8,535,458
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		7,000		7,000
Investment in joint venture related to governmental activities		1,053,175		1,140,744
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds and notes payable Premium on debt Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term obligations		(1,500,000) (93,622) (16,262)		(620,736) - (16,736) (5,995)
Accided interest on tong-term obligations	-		*	(3,773)
Net position of governmental activities as reported on the Statement of Net Position (see page 3)	\$	10,550,472	\$	10,023,502

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General Fund		
	2018	2017	
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 2,295,166	\$ 2,271,245	
Intergovernmental	322,122	334,359	
Licenses and permits	76,175	69,778	
Public charges for services	63,161	62,077	
Intergovernmental charges for services	3,200	3,170	
Miscellaneous	107,813	35,690	
Miscellarieous	107,813	33,090	
Total revenues	2,867,637	2,776,319	
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	412,946	369,998	
Public safety	322,181	315,967	
Public works	538,892	405,272	
Health and human services	6,324	7,672	
Culture and recreation	173,056	108,712	
Conservation and development	75,564	61,220	
Debt service			
Principal	620,736	605,271	
Interest and fiscal charges	63,191	39,764	
Capital outlay	872,185	672,714	
capital outlay	0,2,103		
Total expenditures	3,085,075	2,586,590	
Excess of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	(217,438)	189,729	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	4 500 000		
Long-term debt issued	1,500,000	-	
Premium on debt issued	93,622		
Total other financing sources	1,593,622		
Net change in fund balance	1,376,184	189,729	
Fund balance - January 1	983,767	794,038	
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 2,359,951	\$ 983,767	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		2018	2017
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	-		
Net change in fund balances as shown on previous page	\$	1,376,184	\$ 189,729
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital assets reported as capital outlay in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Net book value of disposals		730,870 (368,742) (157,356)	582,470 (322,636) (27,752)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the statement of activities when earned.		-	(7,000)
Payments to the Joint Fire District are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The statement of activities reports the change in the Town's investment in the Fire District at year end. The change in investment increased (decreased) by:		(87,569)	(115,087)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Long-term debt issued Premium on debt issued Principal repaid		(1,500,000) (93,622) 620,736	- - - 605,271
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Accrued interest on long-term debt Compensated absences		5,995 474	5,738 (2,123)
Change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the statement of activities (see page 4)	\$	526,970	\$ 908,610

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	2017 Actual
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Public charges for services	\$ 2,269,738 372,241 57,705 46,645	\$ 2,295,166 322,122 76,175 63,161	\$ 25,428 (50,119) 18,470 16,516	\$ 2,271,245 334,359 69,778 62,077
Intergovernmental charges for services Miscellaneous	3,100 17,750	3,200 107,813	100 90,063	3,170 35,690
Total revenues	2,767,179	2,867,637	100,458	2,776,319
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government Public safety Public works	429,571 315,000 485,084	412,946 322,181 538,892	16,625 (7,181) (53,808)	369,998 315,967 405,272
Health and human services Culture and recreation Conservation and development Debt service	12,268 116,641 73,650	6,324 173,056 75,564	5,944 (56,415) (1,914)	7,672 108,712 61,220
Principal Interest and fiscal charges Capital outlay	620,736 20,046 704,140	620,736 63,191 872,185	(43,145) (168,045)	605,271 39,764 672,714
Total expenditures	2,777,136	3,085,075	(307,939)	2,586,590
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(9,957)	(217,438)	(207,481)	189,729
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Long-term debt issued Premium on debt issued Proceeds from sale of capital assets	210	1,500,000 93,622	1,500,000 93,622 (210)	-
Total other financing sources	210	1,593,622	1,593,412	
Net change in fund balance	(9,747)	1,376,184	1,385,931	189,729
Fund balance - January 1	983,767	983,767		794,038
Fund balance - December 31	\$ 974,020	\$ 2,359,951	\$ 1,385,931	\$ 983,767

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Water and 9	Sewer Utility
	2018	2017
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 499,758	\$ 530,903
Receivables		
Customer accounts	23,529	23,608
Total current assets	523,287	554,511
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted assets		
Cash and investments	44,218	34,496
Capital assets		
Nondepreciable	8,000	8,000
Depreciable	1,457,578_	1,496,416
Total capital assets	1,465,578	1,504,416
Total assets	2,033,083	2,093,423
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	3,229	25,028
Due to other funds	29,066	
Total liabilities	32,295	25,028
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	1,465,578	1,504,416
Restricted for capital assets	44,218	34,496
Unrestricted	490,992	529,483
Total net position	\$ 2,000,788	\$ 2,068,395
		-

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Water	Sewer			Tot	tals	als	
		Utility		Utility		2018		2017	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Other	\$	46,586 10,196	\$	62,097 108	\$	108,683 10,304	\$	103,540 8,336	
Total operating revenues	s <u></u>	56,782		62,205		118,987		111,876	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Operation and maintenance		34,930		107,521		142,451		113,692	
Administrative and general		7,404		6,702		14,106		12,086	
Depreciation		21,614		23,782		45,396		45,310	
Taxes		58	70	-		58		53	
Total operating expenses	9	64,006		138,005		202,011		171,141	
Operating loss		(7,224)		(75,800)		(83,024)		(59,265)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES									
General property taxes						13,500		13,462	
Interest income						1,651		3,447	
Other nonoperating revenues						266		434	
Total nonoperating revenues						15,417		17,343	
,								,	
Change in net position						(67,607)		(41,922)	
Net position - January 1						2,068,395		2,110,317	
Net position - December 31					\$	2,000,788	\$	2,068,395	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Water and S	Sewer Utility		
	2018	2017		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid for services provided Net cash used by operating activities	\$ 119,066 (149,348) (30,282)	\$ 112,201 (131,909) (19,708)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES General property taxes Other nonoperating revenues Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	13,500 266 13,766	13,462 434 13,896		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets	(6,558)	(3,068)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	1,651_	3,447		
Change in cash and investments	(21,423)	(5,433)		
Cash and investments - January 1	565,399	570,832		
Cash and investments - December 31	\$ 543,976	\$ 565,399		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities	\$ (83,024)	\$ (59,265)		
Depreciation Change in operating assets and liabilities	45,396	45,310		
Accounts receivables Due to other funds	79 29,066	325		
Accounts payable	(21,799)	(6,078)		
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (30,282)	\$ (19,708)		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position Cash and cash equivalents in current assets Cash and cash equivalents in restricted assets	\$ 499,758 44,218	\$ 530,903 34,496		
Total cash and investments	\$ 543,976	\$ 565,399		
Noncash capital and related financing activities				

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

None

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Liberty Grove, Door County, Wisconsin (the "Town"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Town are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the Town (the primary government) and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Town. The Town has identified the following component unit that is required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards established by GASB Statement No. 61.

Town of Liberty Grove Sanitary District #1

The Town of Liberty Grove Sanitary District #1 (the "District") is governed by a five member Town Board of Liberty Grove. Although legally separate from the Town, the District is reported as if it was part of the primary government because the Town Board is serving as their governing body. The District provides water and sanitary services to parts of the Town.

B. JOINT VENTURE

Sister Bay/Liberty Grove Joint Fire Department

The Town and the Village of Sister Bay formed a joint fire department in the 1930's to provide for services to its citizens. An intergovernmental agreement was adopted in 2010 to provide for the continuing operation of the joint fire department. The agreement creates a Fire Board composed of three members from the Town and two from Sister Bay Boards. All Fire Board members shall be elected officials of the Town and Village. In accordance with the agreement, the costs of these services are shared by the Town and the Village on a basis of 2/3 of the cost being paid by the Town and 1/3 of the cost being paid by the Village. These percentages are based on the approximate percentage of the assessed property value of the Town and the Village to the total assessed property of each entity combined. During 2018, the Town remitted \$264,380 to the joint fire department. The Town has an equity interest in the net position of the Sister Bay/Liberty Grove Joint Fire Department. At December 31, 2018 the Town's equity interest was \$1,053,175. Complete financial information for Sister Bay/Liberty Grove Joint Fire Department can be obtained from the department office in Sister Bay, Wisconsin.

Joint Public Library Facility

The Town and the Village of Sister Bay entered into an agreement on June 12, 2001 for the purpose of constructing and maintaining a building to be used as a joint public library facility. The construction costs and annual building operation and maintenance costs are financed 1/2 by the Town and 1/2 by the Village. The Sister Bay Liberty Grove Library Building Commission is governed by a six member board of commissioners composed of three members from the Town and three members from Sister Bay. During 2018, the Town remitted an operating appropriation of \$30,000 to the joint library facility. The Town accounts for its share of the operations in the general fund. The Town does not have an equity interest in the joint venture. Complete financial statements for the Sister Bay Liberty Grove Library Building Commission can be obtained from the Commission located in Sister Bay, Wisconsin.

The operation of the library is part of the Door County Consolidated Library System in accordance with an agreement with Door County.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Jointly Governed Organization

Door County Tourism Zone

The Town is a participant with all other Door County municipalities in a joint venture to create the Door County Tourism Zone as prescribed under Wisconsin Statute 66.0615. The Tourism Zone is responsible for collecting a 5.5% room tax on the gross receipts from retail furnishing of rooms or lodgings over all of the member municipalities. The Tourism Zone pays 66% of the room tax collected to the Door County Visitor Bureau, 30% to the member municipalities and retains 4% for its operations. During 2018, the Town of Liberty Grove received \$107,349 of room tax from the Tourism Zone. Complete financial information for the Door County Tourism Zone Commission can be obtained from their office in Sister Bay, Wisconsin.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Governmental funds include the general fund. Proprietary funds include the enterprise fund. The Town has no internal service funds. The major individual government fund and major individual enterprise find are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Utility Fund

This fund accounts for the operations of the Town of Liberty Grove Sanitary District #1.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include intergovernmental grants, intergovernmental charges for services, public charges for services and interest. Other revenues such as licenses and permits, fines and forfeits and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the Town's water and wastewater functions and various other functions of the Town. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the costs of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

2. Property Taxes and Special Charges Receivable

Property taxes and special charges consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against Town properties. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Town. Special charges not paid by January 31 are held in trust by the County and remitted to the Town, including interest, when collected by the County.

In addition to its levy, the Town also levies taxes for the Gibraltar School District, Door County, and Northeast Wisconsin Technical College. The Town contracts with Door County to perform the tax collection function.

2. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements.

3. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements.

The amount reported on the statement of net position for internal balances represents the residual balance outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities.

4. Inventories

Inventories are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Town does not have a formal capitalization policy. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Assets	Ye	ars
Land improvements	25 - 50	25 - 100
Buildings and improvements	25 - 40	25 - 40
Machinery and equipment	10 - 20	3 - 10
Infrastructure	25 - 50	18 -135

Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick leave benefits in accordance with employee handbook policy. All sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

Governmental funds may report deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues. The Town reports unavailable revenues for tower investment receivable. These inflows are recognized as revenues in the government-wide financial statements.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

9. Fund Equity

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- ▶ **Restricted fund balance.** Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Town Board. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Town Board using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance. Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of Town management. The Town Board has not authorized an employee to assign fund balance.
- ▶ Unassigned fund balance. Amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Town has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- ▶ **Net investment in capital assets.** Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- ▶ **Restricted net position.** Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital
 assets.

F. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

G. PRIOR YEAR INFORMATION

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the Town's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, from which the summarized information was derived.

H. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the preparation in the current year financial statements with no change in previously reported net position, changes in net position, fund balance or changes in fund balance.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- During November, Town management submits to the Town Board a proposed operating budget for the calendar
 year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
 financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
 Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally
 enacted by Town Board action.
- 2. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- 3. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund.
- 4. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each activity or department of the Town. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the Town Board.
- 5. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the Town to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

The Town did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS

The following expenditure accounts of the general fund had actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2018 as follows:

Fund & Function	 cess nditures
General Fund	
General Government Board Legal Clerk Elections Assessment of property Hall Information technology	\$ 2,372 17,490 24,586 1,083 449 6,193 70
Public Safety Building inspection	11,445
Public Works Highway maintenance	56,169
Culture and Recreation Parks	56,837
Conservation and Development Economic development	1,914
Debt service Interest and fiscal charges	43,145
Capital Outlay Fire protection Highway construction Parks	82,521 58,608 29,954

C. PROPERTY TAX LEVY LIMIT

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2018 and 2019 budget years, Wisconsin Statutes limit the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy to the change in the Town's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the Town for the 2018 budget was 0.80%. The actual limit for the Town for the 2019 budget was 1.11%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

The carrying amount of the Town's cash and investments totaled \$5,061,104 on December 31, 2018 as summarized below:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 5,061,104
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:	
Government-wide Statement of Net Position Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 3,466,431 1,594,673 5,061,104

Fair Value Measurements

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Town currently has no investments that are subject to fair value measurement.

Deposits and investments of the Town are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the Town's deposits and investments and the related risks.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The Town does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2018, \$3,774,728 of the Town's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits. Uninsured deposits consist primarily of advance tax collections that will be remitted to other local governments in January of 2019 and proceeds from the general obligation promissory notes issued on December 27, 2018. No amounts were collateralized.

B. TOWER INVESTMENT RECEIVABLE

In 2015, the Town entered into an agreement with a private entity to lease Town property on which a wireless tower will be constructed. Under the terms of the agreement, the Town will receive monthly lease rental payments in various amounts dependent upon certain conditions.

As part of the lease agreement, the Town has provided \$14,000 toward the cost of the tower construction. The Town will own a portion of the tower equal to its initial investment of \$14,000 until the private entity reaches specified number of subscribers. Upon reaching the first level of subscribers, the Town will be repaid \$7,000 of its investment. The remaining \$7,000 will be repaid upon reaching a second level of subscribers.

The Town reached the first level of subscribers during 2017 and \$7,000 was re-paid to the Town. The investment in this project as of December 31, 2018 was \$7,000 and is shown as a receivable in the statement of net position and the balance sheet.

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets on December 31, 2018 totaled \$1,594,673 and consisted of cash and investments held for the following purposes.

Funds		Amount	Purpose
General Debt service	\$	1,550,455	Unspent long-term debt proceeds
Enterprise Water and Sewer Utility Impact fees	8	44,218	To account for impact fees collected and held by the utility to finance system improvements
Total	\$	1,594,673	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 1,813,111	\$ 20,975	\$ -	\$ 1,834,086
Construction in progress		15,000	-	15,000
Total capital assets, nondepreciable	1,813,111	35,975		1,849,086
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Land improvements	392,108	123,550	_	515,658
Buildings and improvements	4,067,511	-	-	4,067,511
Machinery and equipment	1,545,241	22,845	193,669	1,374,417
Infrastructure	4,377,986	548,500		4,926,486
Subtotals	10,382,846	694,895	193,669	10,884,072
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	81,452	12,809	_	94,261
Buildings and improvements	1,147,023	85,966		1,232,989
Machinery and equipment	1,043,478	52,234	36,313	1,059,399
Infrastructure	1,388,546	217,733	-	1,606,279
Subtotals	3,660,499	368,742	36,313	3,992,928
3350000	5,000,122	300/112	30,313	3,272,720
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	6,722,347	326,153	157,356	6,891,144
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,535,458	\$ 362,128	\$ 157,356	\$ 8,740,230
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 8,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,000
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Buildings and improvements	157,883	-		157,883
Machinery and equipment	2,585	-	12	2,585
Infrastructure	2,647,867	6,558	1,649	2,652,776
Subtotals	2,808,335	6,558	1,649	2,813,244
Less accumulated depreciation	1,311,919	45,396	1,649	1,355,666
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	1,496,416	(38,838)	-	1,457,578
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,504,416	\$ (38,838)	\$ -	\$ 1,465,578
5.1		-		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 18,287 33,199 298,350 18,906 368,742
Business-type activities Water utility Sewer utility Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 21,614 23,782 45,396

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the Town, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of December 31, 2018 are detailed below:

	Interfund Receivables			Interfund Payables	
Temporary cash advances to finance					
operating activities					
Governmental Fund					
General	\$	29,066	\$	-	
Proprietary Fund					
Water and Sewer Utility	()	-		29,066	
Totals	\$	29,066	\$	29,066	

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Debt					
Notes	\$ 620,736	\$1,500,000	\$ 620,736	\$1,500,000	\$ 175,000
Debt premium	=	93,622		93,622	
Compensated absences	16,736	-	474	16,262	-
Governmental activities	*				
Long-term obligations	\$ 637,472	\$1,593,622	\$ 621,210	\$1,609,884	\$ 175,000

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$20,024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	Balance
	Issue	Maturity	Rates	Indebtedness	12/31/18
General obligation notes GO Promissory Notes	12/27/18	9/1/28	4.00%	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000

Principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$1,500,000 on December 31, 2018 is detailed below:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities						
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2019	\$ 175,000	\$	40,666	\$	215,666		
2020	135,000		53,000		188,000		
2021	130,000		47,600		177,600		
2022	140,000		42,400		182,400		
2023	145,000		37,000		182,000		
2024 - 2028	775,000		96,800		871,800		
	\$ 1,500,000	\$	317,466	\$	1,817,466		

Legal Margin for New Debt

The Town's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2018 was \$45,181,175 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the Town	\$ 933,623,500
Statutory limitation percentage	(x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the	
Wisconsin Statutes	46,681,175
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	1,500,000
Legal margin for new debt	\$ 45,181,175

The Sanitary District's legal margin for the creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2018 was \$46,681,175 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the Sanitary District	\$	933,623,500
Statutory limitation percentage		(x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the		
Wisconsin Statutes		46,681,175
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation		*
Legal margin for new debt	\$	46,681,175
	_	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

G. FUND EQUITY

Nonspendable Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of the governmental fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At December 31, 2018, nonspendable fund balance was as follows:

General Fund Nonspendable Inventories

\$ 38,850

Restricted Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of governmental fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted for use for a specific purpose. At December 31, 2018, restricted fund balance was as follows:

General Fund

Restricted for

Debt proceeds for purchase of land

\$ 1,550,455

Committed Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, portions of government fund balances are committed by Town Board action. At December 31, 2018, General Fund balance was committed as follows:

General Fund

Committed for

Capital reserve Parks - capital outlay Capital reserve fire equipment	33.420	26,155 77.539
Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance	\$	315,847

Assigned Fund Balance

Portions of governmental fund balances have been assigned to represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. At December 31, 2018, fund balance was assigned as follows:

General Fund

Assigned for subsequent years budget	\$ 9,748
Assigned for subsequent years expenditures	91,185
Total	\$ 100,933

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 4: OTHER INFORMATION

A. RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

The Town has a deferred compensation plan for its employees established by Section 457(B) of the IRS code. The Town contributes 5% of salary for each full-time employee. Employees are eligible to increase the total contributions up to the IRS limits. In 2018, the maximum contributions for each employee were \$18,500 or \$37,000 for those employees age 50 or older.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Town completes an annual review of its insurance coverage to ensure adequate coverage.

C. CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Town is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

In December 2015, the Town billed the Village of Sister Bay for the Town's portion of the sale of property and Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources grant money retained by the Village. In 2016, the Town billed the Village of Sister Bay interest on the amount. The amount totaled \$149,211. However, due to the uncertainty of collection, the revenue and corresponding receivable have not been recorded on the Town's general ledger, and the balance is not reflected in the Town's 2018 annual financial report. Any amount the Town collects from the Village will be reflected at the time of collection.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND
DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	9	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Final Po	riance Budget - ositive egative)	=; 8	2017 Actual
Taxes								
General property	\$	2,183,738	\$	2,183,404	\$	(334)	\$	2,172,227
Delinquent personal property		1,500		-		(1,500)		-
Managed forest lands		4,500		4,407		(93)		1,382
Private managed forest land		hillippointer (Management)		6		6		6
Room tax		80,000		107,349		27,349		97,206
Interest and taxes		<u> </u>						424
Total taxes	-	2,269,738		2,295,166		25,428	13	2,271,245
Intergovernmental State								
State shared taxes		20,000		21,010		1,010		19,592
Fire insurance dues		27,000		25,573		(1,427)		27,082
Tax exempt computer aid		-		334		334		329
Transportation		242,484		242,484		-		223,503
Other highway aid		-		20,000		20,000		-
Recycling grant		5,000		4,636		(364)		4,746
DNR - in lieu of taxes		21,000		7,559		(13,441)		10,485
Municipal services		300		292		(8)		235
Forest croplands		400		234		(166)		330
Other state payments		56,057		_		(56,057)		48,057
Total intergovernmental		372,241		322,122		(50,119)	_	334,359
Licenses and permits								
Licenses								
Liquor and malt beverage		10,305		10,495		190		10,045
Dog		200		102		(98)		80
Permits						, , , ,		
Building		35,000		46,245		11,245		44,130
Franchise fee - cable TV		12,000		15,836		3,836		15,223
Other		200		3,497		3,297		300
Total licenses and permits		57,705		76,175		18,470		69,778
Public charges for services								
General government		3,645		19,312		15,667		5,435
Highway		5,000		2,475		(2,525)		4,568
Docks		20,000		16,124		(3,876)		18,474
Cemetery		18,000		25,250		7,250		33,600
Total public charges for services		46,645	-	63,161	-	16,516		62,077
Total public charges for services	_	40,043		03,101		10,310	_	02,011
Intergovernmental charges for services		2.400		2 202		100		2 470
Recycling	_	3,100		3,200		100	_	3,170

GENERAL FUND
DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	2017 Actual
Miscellaneous	1.0			
Interest on investments	2,500	14,351	11,851	7,019
Rent	11,400	18,377	6,977	21,708
Insurance recoveries	250	23,183	22,933	147
Donations	-	45,126	45,126	ed .
Refunds	500	44	(456)	294
Other	3,100	6,732	3,632	6,522
Total miscellaneous	17,750	107,813	90,063	35,690
Total Revenues	\$ 2,767,179	\$ 2,867,637	\$ 100,458	\$ 2,776,319

GENERAL FUND
DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Original and Final Budget		Actual	Fina P	ariance Budget - ositive egative)		2017 Actual
General Government		12.12.21				/\		
Board	\$	43,750	\$	46,122	\$	(2,372)	\$	44,638
Legal		8,626		26,116		(17,490)		10,455
Clerk		33,347		57,933		(24,586)		51,784
Treasurer		119,780		63,549		56,231		61,038
Office wages and expenses		106,931		103,484		3,447		102,155
Elections		6,500		7,583		(1,083)		3,176
Assessment of property		41,450		41,899		(449)		44,617
Hall		22,437		28,630		(6,193)		17,582
Insurance		37,000		32,816		4,184		31,503
Information technology				70		(70)		-
Other general government		9,750		4,744		5,006		3,050
Total general government		429,571		412,946		16,625		369,998
Public Safety								
Fire protection		285,000		280,736		4,264		272,831
Building inspection		30,000		41,445		(11,445)		43,136
Total public safety		315,000		322,181		(7,181)		315,967
Public Works Highway maintenance Street lighting Recycling Total public works		445,834 14,250 25,000 485,084		502,003 12,345 24,544 538,892		(56,169) 1,905 456 (53,808)	1	369,291 13,412 22,569 405,272
Health and Human Services								
Animal and insect control		250		-		250		218
Cemetery		12,018		6,324		5,694	·	7,454
Total health and human services		12,268		6,324		5,944		7,672
Culture and Recreation			Ω-					
Library		30,000		30,000		-		30,000
Parks		81,241		138,078		(56,837)		62,744
Community center		5,400		4,978		422		15,968
Total culture and recreation		116,641		173,056		(56,415)		108,712
Consequence and Development								
Conservation and Development		73,650		75 561		(1,914)		61,220
Economic development	_	13,030	-	75,564	-	(1,714)		01,220
Debt service Principal		620,736		620,736		-		605,271
Interest and fiscal charges		20,046		63,191		(43,145)		39,764
Total debt service		640,782	_	683,927		(43,145)		645,035
, State Service	-					\/·/	** <u></u>	

GENERAL FUND
DETAILED COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	2017 Actual
General government	25,000	21,962	3.038	
Fire protection	25,000	107,521	(82,521)	2.5
Highway construction	618,390	676,998	(58,608)	411,778
Highway equipment	3	=	-	67,199
Parks	35,750_	65,704	(29,954)	193,737
Total capital outlay	704,140	872,185	(168,045)	672,714
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,777,136	\$ 3,085,075	\$ (307,939)	\$ 2,586,590

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Town Board Town of Liberty Grove Door County, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Liberty Grove, Door County, Wisconsin, (the "Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 17, 2019.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2018-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2018-002 and 2018-003 to be significant deficiencies.



COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

TOWN OF LIBERTY GROVE'S RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

Olifton Larson Allen LLP

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin April 17, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

SECTION I. INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2018-001	Segregation of Duties - Clerk/Treasurer Repeat of Finding 2017-001
Condition:	The Town has a combined clerk/treasurer position to essentially complete all financial and recordkeeping duties of the general Town's operations. Accordingly, this does not allow for a proper segregation of duties for internal control purposes.
Criteria:	Segregation of duties is an internal control intended to prevent or decrease the occurrence of errors or intentional fraud. Segregation of duties ensures that no single employee has control over all phases of a transaction.
Cause:	The lack of segregation of duties is due to the limited number of employees and the size of the Town's operations. In addition, the Town has not completed a risk assessment and review of internal controls to identify additional mitigating and compensating controls which could be implemented to reduce the risk of errors or intentional fraud.
Effect:	Errors or intentional fraud could occur and not be detected timely by other employees in the normal course of their responsibilities as a result of the lack of segregation of duties.
Recommendation:	We recommend the Town perform a risk assessment of its operations and current procedures to identify and implement mitigating controls to reduce the risk of errors and intentional fraud. We also recommend the Town Board continue to monitor the transactions and the financial records of the Town.
Management Response:	Management believes that the cost of segregating cash receipts and cash disbursement duties from the related recording functions outweigh the benefits to be received.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2018-002	Preparation of Annual Financial Report Repeat of Finding 2017-002
Condition:	Current Town staff maintains accounting records which reflect the Town's financial transactions; however, preparing the Town's annual financial report, including note disclosures, involves the selection and application of specific accounting principles which would require additional experience and knowledge. The Town contracts with us and our knowledge of applicable accounting principles, financial statement format, and note disclosures to assist in the preparation of the annual financial report in an efficient manner. For the same reasons, the Town contracts with us to compile the Wisconsin Municipal Report Form C and the Public Service Commission Report.
Criteria:	The preparation and review of the annual financial report, Municipal Financial Report, and Public Service Commission Report by staff with expertise in financial reporting is an internal control intended to prevent, detect and correct a potential omission or misstatement in the financial statements or notes or other required State Financial reports.
Cause:	Town management has determined that the additional costs associated with training staff to become experienced in applicable accounting principles and note disclosures outweigh the derived benefits.
Effect:	Without our involvement, the Town may not be able to completely prepare an annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
Recommendation:	We recommend the Town continue reviewing the annual financial report. While it may not be cost beneficial to train additional staff to completely prepare the report, a thorough review of this information by appropriate staff of the Town is necessary to obtain a complete and adequate understanding of the Town's annual financial report, Municipal Financial Report and Public Service Commission Report.
Management Response:	Management believes the cost for additional staff time and training to prepare year-end closing entries and reports outweigh the benefits to be received. Management has reviewed and approved the annual financial report prior to issuance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

FINDING NO.	CONTROL DEFICIENCIES
2018-003	Adjustments to the Town's Financial Records Repeat of Finding 2017-003
Condition:	As part of our audit, we proposed adjusting journal entries that were material to the Town's financial statements.
Criteria:	Material adjusting journal entries proposed by the auditors are considered to be an internal control deficiency.
Cause:	While Town staff maintains financial records which accurately report revenues and expenditures throughout the year, preparing year-end adjusting and closing entries requires additional expertise that would entail additional training and staff time to develop.
Effect:	Year-end financial records prepared by the Town may contain material misstatements.
Recommendation:	We recommend the Town designate an individual to obtain additional training in order to prepare the adjusting and closing entries. We are available to assist the individual in obtaining the understanding to prepare these entries.
Management Response:	Management believes the cost for additional staff time and training to record adjusting entries outweighs the benefits to be received. Management will continue to review information reviewed by CliftonLarsonAllen.

SECTION II. COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

There are no findings related to compliance and other matters that are required to be reported under governmental auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America for the year ended December 31, 2018.